JUJJUDGING THE EFFICACY OF ANTHRAX FUMIGATIONS

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ANTHRAX REMEDIATION PROCESSES

- Site assessment/environmental sampling
- Isolation of contaminated areas
- Artifact/critical item removal
- Source reduction/waste removal
- Decontamination of contaminated areas (e.g., fumigation)
- Post-remediation environmental sampling
- Further remediation/sampling (if needed)
- Disposal of PPE, waste water, debris



ANTHRAX-CONTAMINATED SITES WITH FUMIGATION REMEDIES

Sites	Nature of Contamination	Fumigant	Volume Fumigated	Fumigation Approach
Hart Bldg	Aerosolized	Chlorine dioxide (ClO2)	90,000 ft ³ 2 floors	All at once
DOJ mail facility	Secondary	Formaldehyde	4,000 ft ³	Machines tented
GSA Bldg 410	Secondary	Vaporized hydro- gen peroxide (VHP)	1.6 x 10 ⁶ ft ³	9 zones
Brentwood	Aerosolized	CIO2	14.5 x 10 ⁶ ft ³ 2 floors	All at once
SA-32	Aerosolized	VHP	1.4 x 10 ⁶ ft ³	10 zones
Trenton	Aerosolized	CIO2	6.1 x 10 ⁶ ft ³	All at once

FUMIGATION

 Definition: the process of applying smoke, vapor or a gas to a facility or room for the purpose of disinfecting or destroying pests*

* Webster's Dictionary

HISTORICAL ANTHRAX FUMIGATIONS WITH FORMALDEHYDE

- Biosafety hoods and laboratories in research and clinical settings
 - NIH recommendations
 - NSF/ANSI standard for Class II biosafety cabinets
- Containment areas (animal rooms and office areas), equipment/materials, and buildings at US Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases (USAMRIID)
 - Regulations for conducting fumigations

FUMIGATIONS IN RESPONSE TO 2001 ANTHRAX ATTACKS

- Most fumigations modeled after biomedical sterilization processes, with established ranges for process variables for all four process phases and use of biological indicators as measures of efficacy of process
 - Phases: humidification (dehumidification); conditioning; decontamination; aeration

PROCESS VARIABLE GOALS/REQUIREMENTS

Fumigant/	Process Variables					
Facility	Temperature	Relative Humidity	Concentration	Duration of Treatment		
CIO ₂						
Hart Bldg	70-80° F	65-75%	750 ppm	≥12 hrs.		
Brentwood	≥75° F	≥75%	750 ppm	≥12 hrs.		
Trenton	≥75° F	≥75%	750 ppm	≥12 hrs.		
VHP						
Bldg 410	not specified	≤40%	108 ppm	3 hrs		
SA-32	70° F	≤40%	≥216 ppm	≥4 hrs.		

BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR GOALS/REQUIREMENTS

	Biological Indicator Parameters				
Fumigant/ Facility	Surrogate species	Number used	Placement Strategy	Consequences of Positive Results	
CIO ₂					
Hart Bldg	Multiple species	>>1/100 ft ²	Random	None	
Brentwood	B. subtilis var. niger	≥1/100 ft ²	Random, biased, focused locations	None	
Trenton	B. subtilis var niger	≥1/100 ft ²	Random stratified + hard to reach/ contaminated locations	Additional environmental sampling	

BIOLOGICAL INDICATOR GOALS/REQUIREMENTS

Fumigant/	Biological Indicator (BI) Parameters					
Facility	Surrogate species	Number used	Placement Strategy	Consequences of Positive Results		
VHP						
Bldg 410	B. subtilis var. niger	>1/100 ft ²	Hard to reach/ contaminated locations	Re-fumigation if ≥1 +BI		
SA-32	B. stearo- thermophilus	>1/100 ft ²	Hard to reach/ contaminated locations	Re-fumigation if ≥1 +BI		

SA-32: SITE WITH MOST STRINGENT REQUIREMENTS

- All process conditions achieved throughout all four phases of fumigation cycle at all real-time monitoring points
- All chemical indicators (CIs) exhibit color change following exposure to VHP
- All Bls recovered aseptically negative for growth of B. stearothermophilus
- Positive control Bls (5% of Bls) demonstrate growth
- Negative control Bls (5%) exhibit no growth

SA-32: SITE WITH MOST STRINGENT REQUIREMENTS

- If any of above requirements not met, zone had to be refumigated
 - One of 10 zones was re-fumigated; second fumigation met all requirements

HISTORICAL CRITERIA FOR SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT

Biomedical sterilizations

 FDA regulation: Subsequent growth or failure of BI microorganism to grow under suitable conditions indicates adequacy of sterilization

USAMRIID fumigations

 All BIs negative for growth of indicator spores, or fumigation repeated



CRITERIA FOR SUCCESSFUL FUMIGATIONS

- All process variables within prescribed ranges for all four phases of fumigation at all monitoring points
- All aseptically removed Bls negative for growth of indicator organism

If criteria not met, further treatment or additional environmental sampling, depending upon site-specific results



BUT

Extensive post-remediation environmental sampling required even if fumigation(s) successful

ULTIMATE CRITERION FOR EFFECTIVE REMEDIATION

 No growth of Bacillus anthracis spores from all post-remediation environmental samples